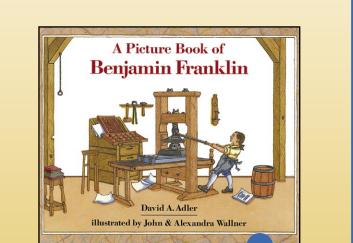


ristopher Columbus lands in the

Benjamin Franklin begins

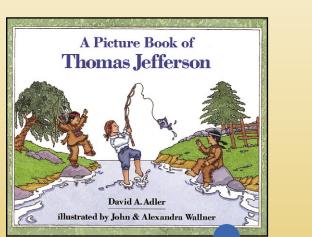
publishing Poor Richard's Almanack

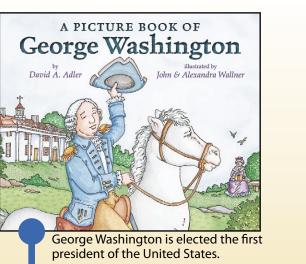


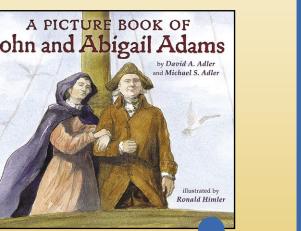
Patrick Henry proclaims at the Virginia Convention, "Give me liberty or give me death."

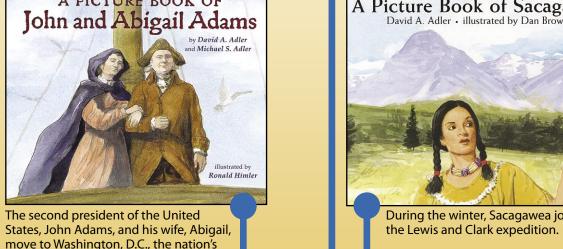
Thomas Jefferson writes the

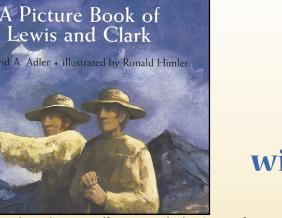
Declaration of Independence.





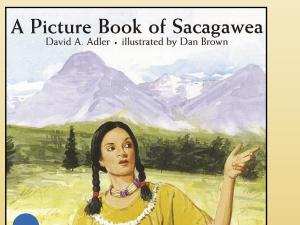


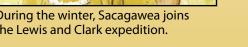


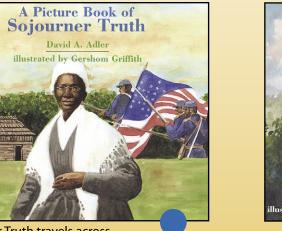


## with the David A. Adler Picture Book Biographies

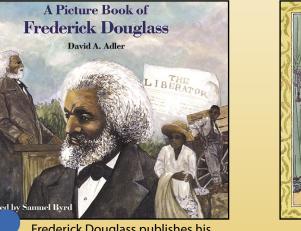
Discovery, led by Meriwether Lewis and William Clark to explore and survey the Louisiana Territory, and they



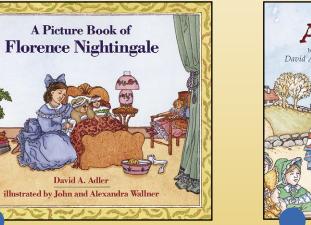




Sojourner Truth travels across Northern states preaching against slavery and for women's rights.

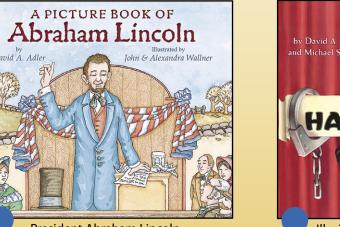


own anti-slavery newspaper called

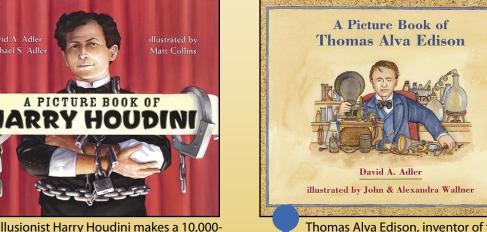


Take a Trip Through Time

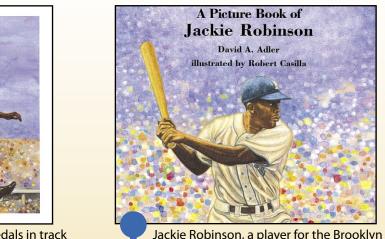
Florence Nightingale begins her life's work, which resulted in making nursing an important, respected



President Abraham Lincoln delivers his Gettysburg Address.



Thomas Alva Edison, inventor of the lightl dies at the age of eighty-four.

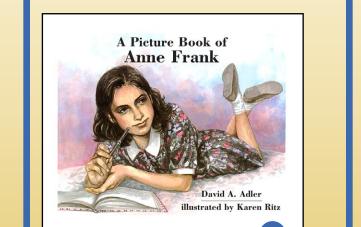


esse Owens wins four gold medals in track at the Olympic games in Berlin, Germany.

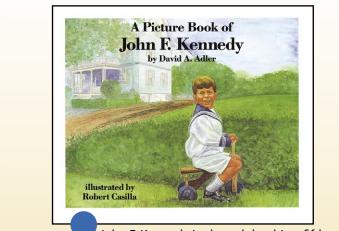
Jesse Owens

David A. Adler

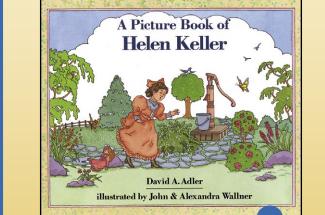
illustrated by Robert Casilla



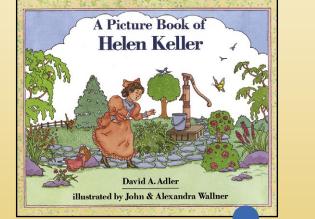
nne Frank receives a book of blank pages for her thirteenth birthday and



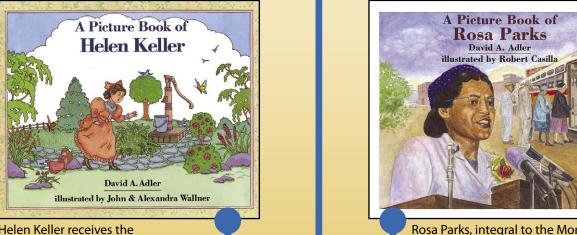
ohn F. Kennedy is elected the thirty-fifth president of the United States, the youngest man ever to hold that office.



Presidential Medal of Freedom.

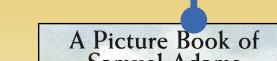


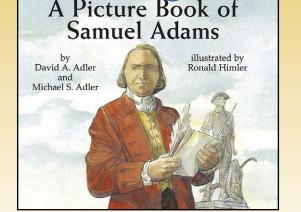
Association (NFWA) in 1962, begins a twenty-five-day fast to ensure his grape protest remains nonviolent

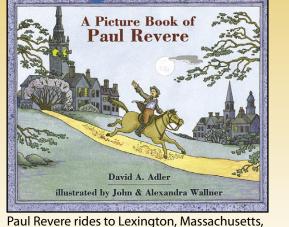


bus boycott (1955–1956), is awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

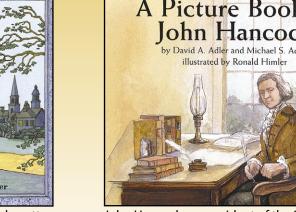
Cesar Chavez, who formed the National Farm Workers

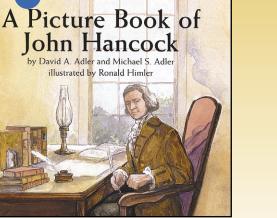




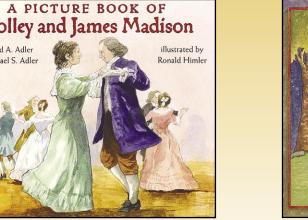


to deliver the news that the British are coming.



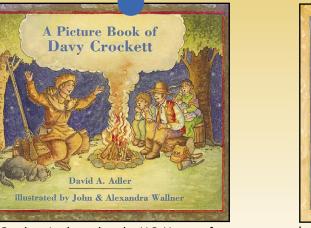


John Hancock, as president of the Second Continental Congress, is the first to sign the

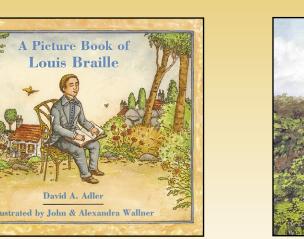


1800

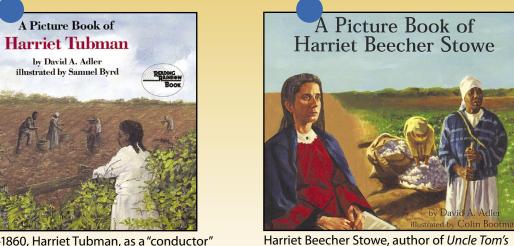
James and Dolley Madison marry; the fourth president of the United States was nicknamed the Father of the Constitution while his wife, a respected hostess, earned the nickname



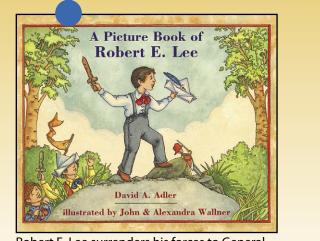
Davy Crockett is elected to the U.S. House of Representatives; he is reelected in 1829 and 1833.



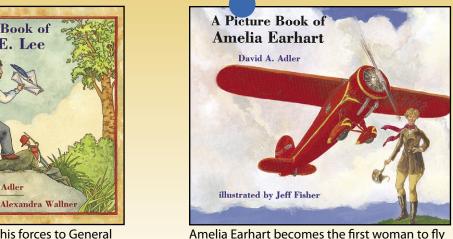
Louis Braille invents raphigraphy, a raised dot alphabet, to help blind people communicate.



From 1850–1860, Harriet Tubman, as a "conductor" on the Underground Railroad, makes nineteen trips to the South, leading a total of about 300



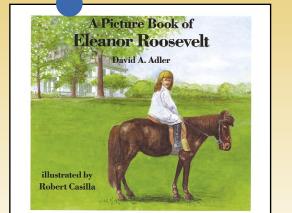
Cabin, meets President Abraham Lincoln.



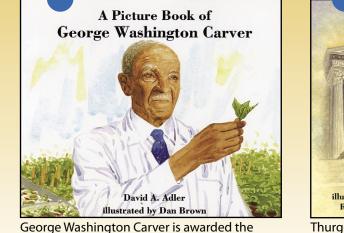
alone across the Atlantic Ocean by air.

pound elephant and her trainer vanish.

Robert E. Lee surrenders his forces to General Ulysses S. Grant at Appomattox Court House



Eleanor Roosevelt serves as First Lady of the United States from 1932–1945.



Theodore Roosevelt Medal for Distinguished

of Education of Topeka. This case led to the

Dodgers, is the first African American to play

baseball in the major leagues and is named

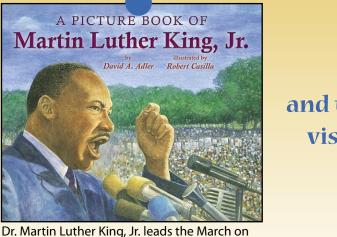
EISENHOWER

A Picture Book of

National League Rookie of the Year.

sends federal troops to Little Rock,

Arkansas, to enforce school integration



Washington, D.C., and gives his "I Have a Dream"

speech from the steps of the Lincoln Memorial.

\*Click on Free Materials

Cesar Chavez

For more about David A. Adler's books and to download an educators' guide\* visit the Holiday House website at